



INDUSTRY CODE

C559:2012

UNCONDITIONED LOCAL LOOP SERVICE (ULLS) NETWORK DEPLOYMENT

PART 3

REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPLOYMENT CLASS SYSTEMS

C559:2012 Unconditioned Local Loop Service (ULLS) Network Deployment Rules Part 3 Requirements for Deployment Class Systems Industry Code

First published as ACIF C559:2001 Second edition as ACIF C559:2002 Third edition as ACIF C559:2003 Fourth edition as ACIF C559:2005 Fifth edition as ACIF C559:2006 Sixth edition as C559:2012

This draft Code was released for public comment as DR C559:2011

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1 DEPLOYMENT CLASSES

- 1.1 This Part sets out the Deployment Classes and Deployment Rules for operation of Deployment Class Systems using the ULLS. Deployment Classes are based on technologies that are common or expected to be used in the network. The Deployment Rules are the requirements and constraints on the operation of systems that correspond to a Deployment Class. A system that corresponds to a Deployment Class is referred to as a Deployment Class System.
- 1.2 This Part provides only one of the two ways of demonstrating compliance with the code obligation described in section 8.2 of Part 1 of this Code. Throughout this Part the requirements expressed as "shall" or "must" apply only to the case in which compliance with the performance requirements of Part 1 of this Code is through satisfying the Deployment Classes and Deployment Rules as in Clause 8.3 of Part 1 of this Code, and do not apply when the alternative method of compliance in Clause 8.4 of Part 1 of this Code is used.
- **1.3** The Deployment Classes and Deployment Rules:
 - (a) Spectral Compatibility Benchmark I configuration.
 - (b) list the technologies that have been taken into account in determining the PSD mask(s) that systems must meet under the code;
 - (c) specify requirements for operation of particular systems that are intended to ensure that systems corresponding to Basis Systems are afforded some measure of protection;
 - (d) correspond to Equipment Classes used in the AS/ACIF S043.2 Customer Equipment standard;
 - (e) will only have the desired effect of limiting interference to an acceptable level and will only be complied with if the customer equipment used in the supply of the system meets the requirements of the corresponding Equipment Class in AS/ACIF S043.2.
- 1.4 Not all available technologies are represented in the Deployment Classes.

NOTE: A Carrier or Carriage Service Provider that proposes to operate a system that does not fall within a Deployment Class is subject to the requirements in Clause 8.4 of Part 1.

- **1.5** The use of a Deployment Class for other technology types is not restricted, provided the operation of the system complies with the requirements for the Deployment Class.
- **1.6** Table A-1 sets out the required reference frequencies and attenuation limits (including equivalent distances) for each Deployment Class.
- **1.7** A party wishing to deploy a Rate Adaptive system shall use service qualification and deployment limits appropriate to the maximum possible rate of the system on that ULLS.

1.8 The Communications Alliance Approved Deployment Classes may be amended in the future as part of a code review. A party wishing to include a new Deployment Class or Basis System in the Code must approach Communications Alliance for a review of the Code.

2 DEPLOYMENT CLASSES AND ASSOCIATED DEPLOYMENT RULES

2.1 General

- 2.1.1 The requirements for operation of Deployment Class Systems comprises three broad categories of requirements:
 - (a) requirements that apply to the operation of network equipment;
 - (b) requirements that apply to the operation of customer equipment; and
 - (c) Deployment Limits for the Deployment Class system and rules for pair separation.

NOTE: The requirements in (c) above are collectively referred to as Deployment Rules. The Deployment Limit is expressed as an attenuation limit with a corresponding cable length limit for 0.4 PIUT cable.

2.1.2 The operation of Deployment Class Systems shall comply with the requirements for the applicable Deployment Class in respect of network equipment, customer equipment and attenuation limit and pair separation in order to comply with the obligation in Clause 8.2 of Part 1 of this Code.

NOTE: Clause 8.2 prohibits a carrier or carriage service provider from operating a system that would cause Unacceptable Interference to a Basis System or Unacceptable Excess Power. Clause 8.3 provides that a carrier or carriage service provider that operates a Deployment Class System in accordance with the requirements for the applicable Deployment Class is taken to comply with the obligation in Clause 8.2.

2.1.3 The performance requirements for network equipment, customer equipment and attenuation limits and pair separation are described in Clauses 2.2 through 2.8 of this Part. The substantive requirements for each Deployment Class are contained in the document(s) corresponding to the applicable Deployment Class. The Deployment Rules for each Deployment Class are contained in Table A-1.

NOTE: See Clause 2.2 below for a description of 'Group A' and 'Group B' requirements for each applicable Deployment Class.

2.1.4 For Spectrally Symmetric Systems the performance requirements for network equipment and customer equipment are identical. For Spectrally Asymmetric Systems the requirements for network equipment are set out in appendices to this Part. 2.2 Group A and Group B Requirements

For each Deployment Class, there are two alternative means of operating a system in accordance with the Deployment Class requirements. The operation of a Deployment Class System shall comply with the requirements of either:

- (a) Group A which specifies the requirements for operation of the Deployment Class system; or
- (b) Group B which specifies either the requirements for the operation of the Deployment Class system or the references to the referenced documents of the applicable Deployment Class.

NOTE 1: A carrier or carriage service provider that operates a Deployment Class System in accordance with either Group A requirements or Group B requirements and complies with the Deployment Rules for that Deployment Class is taken to comply with the obligation in Part 1 of this Code.

NOTE 2: The requirements contained in Group B are taken from the ITU-T Recommendation that corresponds to the indicative technology for the relevant Deployment Class.

NOTE 3: It is expected that most Deployment Class Systems that comply with international standards will comply under the relevant Group B requirements in this Industry Code. Group A requirements, which correspond to tighter (i.e. lower) PSD masks than the Group B requirements, are available as an alternative path for compliance of systems which cannot comply with the line code aspect of the Group B requirements.

2.3 Total Average Power

- 2.3.1 The total average power at the ULLS-NRP shall be less than or equal to the limit for the applicable Deployment Class, measured while the equipment is transmitting maximum power, excluding any transient startup or initialisation phases.
- 2.3.2 The methodology for the measurement of the total average power is as specified in Appendix B in Part 1.

2.4 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

- 2.4.1 The PSD at the ULLS-NRP shall be less than or equal to the PSD mask for the applicable Deployment Class over the nominated frequency range when the equipment is transmitting maximum power, excluding any transient startup or initialisation phases. For Group A compliance, the testing requirements indicate the tests required to comply with the nominal PSD mask.
- 2.4.2 The methodology for the measurement of the PSD is as specified in Appendix B in Part 1.

2.5 Line Code

For Group B, the system line code shall comply with the requirements of the applicable Deployment Class.

2.6 Longitudinal Balance

2.6.1 The longitudinal balance of the system towards the AS network, shall be greater than or equal to the longitudinal balance level specified for the applicable Deployment Class when the longitudinal termination is one quarter (1/4) of the termination impedance for the Deployment Class.

Longitudinal Balance is defined as

Longitudinal Balance (dB) = $20\log |V_1/V_m|$

where: V_m is the metallic or differential voltage

V₁ is the longitudinal or common mode voltage.

2.6.2 The methodology for the measurement of the longitudinal balance is as specified in Clause B.3.3 of Appendix B of Part 1.

2.7 Longitudinal Output Voltage

- 2.7.1 The Power Spectral Density of the longitudinal output voltage shall be less than or equal to the level for the applicable Deployment Class over the frequency range specified. The longitudinal output voltage is measured across a load (consisting of 100Ω in series with 0.15μ F) when the equipment under test is transmitting maximum power, excluding any transient startup or initialisation phases.
- 2.7.2 The methodology for the measurement of the longitudinal output voltage is as specified in Clause B.3.4 of Appendix B of Part 1.

2.8 Deployment Rules

- 2.8.1 A Deployment Class System is only taken to be operated in accordance with the Deployment Rules for the applicable Deployment Class if the operation of the system complies with the Deployment Rules in Table A-1 for the applicable Deployment Class.
- 2.8.2 The Calculated Attenuation shall be less than or equal to the Deployment Limit, specified at the reference frequency for the Deployment Class, calculated with respect to the Deployment Reference Point for the applicable Deployment Class.
- 2.8.3 The Calculated Attenuation of a ULLS shall be calculated using the formulae of Appendix A to Part 1 of this Code.
- 2.8.4 A system belonging to a Spectrally Asymmetric Deployment Class shall not be fed from a ULLS-NRP which is lower than the Deployment Reference Point for that Deployment Class.

NOTE 2: A carrier or carriage service provider proposing to operate a system from a ULLS-NRP lower than the Deployment Reference Point for that Deployment Class must use the alternative means of compliance prescribed for Non-Deployment Class systems.

- 2.8.5 Any Pair Separation rules applicable to a ULLS shall only apply with respect to the NRP at which the ULLS originates.
- 2.8.6 Where Pair Separation is required under a Deployment Rule, the cable pair used for the ULLS shall be in a different Cable Unit from the pair used by a system or part of a system of a Deployment Class which requires the separation (e.g. a Deployment Class 1b, E1 customer to exchange pair).

2.9 Operation of Spectrally Asymmetric Systems in Reverse Mode

- 2.9.1 Reverse ADSL is a case where the network end (ATU-C) equipment as defined in the relevant Recommendations (ITU G.992.1 and G992.2) is used to transmit in the reverse direction, that is towards the network.
- 2.9.2 The operation of any of the Spectrally Asymmetric systems listed in Table A-1 in reverse mode will cause Unacceptable Interference into a Basis System in contravention of this Code.

2.10 Use of Two System Types on a single ULLS

- 2.10.1 This Code does not provide any protection from interference between the operation of two types of system that use the same ULLS (i.e. as part of a composite service). This is a design issue for the AS.
- 2.10.2 Where two types of system use the same ULLS, the operation of the systems is taken to comply with the obligation in Clause 8.2 in Part 1 of this Code if the two systems operate only in separate time intervals (e.g. a transmission system and a testing system which only tests when the transmission is off) and each system complies separately with the obligations of Clause 8.2 in Part 1 of this Code (i.e. with the other turned off).

APPENDIX

A SUMMARY OF NETWORK DEPLOYMENT CLASSES

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Refere specifying the Deplere requirements (Note	nce document Sym oyment Class Asyr 1) State	Symmetric or Asymmetric & State B DRP	Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
1a	Removed while revi ACIF C559:2003	sing	Symmetric Highest	E1 HDB3 ≤18.2 dB	Deployment Limit 18.2 dB (equivalent to 0.7km 0.4 mm PIUT)	1024
1b	Appendix B	Appendix B	Symmetric Highest	E1 HDB3	Unlimited. Only for pair rearrangement and deployment of Deployment Class 1b systems on existing routes, provided there is no incursion of "return" pairs into cable units or quad cable layers not previously containing "return" pairs of Deployment Class 1b systems	1024
2a	Not For Use In This In	dustry Code				

Table A-1Table of Network Deployment Classes

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Reference specifying the Deplerequirements (Note	ppendix or Reference document becifying the Deployment Class equirements (Note 1)		Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
3a (Note 12)	Deployment of Class 3a services shall not cause unacceptable interference into a basis system. AS/CA S002:2010 clause 5.4.2.4 for outband noise applied to a 2- or 4-wire line.	Customer Equipment used in connection with Class 3a systems is subject to labelling and compliance requirements contained in the ACMA Telecommunicatio ns Labelling Notice.	N/A	Low Band	Unlimited	
4a	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix A	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix A	Symmetric Lower	ISDN BR 2B1Q	Unlimited	40
5a	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix B	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix B	Symmetric Lower	Similar to SHDSL with modified roll-off (up to 584 kbit/s line rate)	Unlimited	96
5b	Appendix O	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix C	Symmetric Lower	Similar to SHDSL with modified roll-off (up to 784 kbit/s line rate, reduced power)	Unlimited	131

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Refere specifying the Depl requirements (Note	nce document oyment Class 1)	Symmetric or Asymmetric & State B DRP	Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
6α	Appendix C	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix D	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL FD with Reduced NEXT	Unlimited. Pair Separation at the Highest NRP from Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
6b	Removed while rev ACIF C559:2003	ising	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL Lite	Unlimited. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
6C	Appendix E	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix E	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL over ISDN	Pair Separation at the Highest NRP from Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment limit 18.2 dB (equivalent to 1.3 km 0.4 mm PIUT) Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class. Deployment Class 4a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Reference document specifying the Deployment Class requirements (Note 1)		Symmetric or Asymmetric & State B DRP	Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
6d	Appendix F	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix D	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL EC	Pair Separation at the Highest NRP from Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment limit 30.8 dB (equivalent to 2.2 km 0.4 mm PIUT). Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
6e	Appendix G	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix D	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL FD Low Power	Unlimited Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
6f	Appendix H	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix D	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL FD Limited carriers	Unlimited Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
бg	Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix F	Asymmetric Lower	Reach Extended ADSL2 non overlapped spectrum	MIMINUM deployment limit 35.9 dB (equivalent to 2.5 km 0.4 mm PIUT) – not to be deployed on shorter loops. Pair Separation at the Highest NRP from Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Reference document specifying the Deployment Class requirements (Note 1)		Symmetric or Asymmetric & State B DRP	Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
бh	Appendix M	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix G	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL2 or ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum	Unlimited Pair Separation at the Highest NRP from Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
6i	Appendix N	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix H	Asymmetric Lower	All Digital Mode ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum	Unlimited Pair Separation at the Highest NRP from Deployment Class 1b is required.	300
бј	Appendix M	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix I	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL2 or ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum with extended upstream bandwidth (Annex M) Mask EU-40	Unlimited Pair Separation from the Highest NRP of Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
6k	Appendix M	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix I	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL2 or ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum with extended upstream bandwidth (Annex M) Mask EU-52	Deployment Limit 35.9 dB (equivalent to 2.6 km 0.4 mm PIUT). Pair Separation from the Highest NRP of Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Refere specifying the Depl requirements (Note	nce document oyment Class 1)	Symmetric or Asymmetric & State B DRP	Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
61	Appendix M	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix I	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL2 or ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum with extended upstream bandwidth (Annex M) Mask EU-56	Deployment Limit 31.7 dB (equivalent to 2.3 km 0.4 mm PIUT). Pair Separation from the Highest NRP of Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
6m	Appendix M	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix I	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL2 or ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum with extended upstream bandwidth (Annex M) Mask EU-60	Deployment Limit 29.0 dB (equivalent to 2.1 km 0.4 mm PIUT). Pair Separation from the Highest NRP of Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
6n	Appendix M	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix I	Asymmetric Lower	ADSL2 or ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum with extended upstream bandwidth (Annex M) Mask EU-64	Deployment Limit 27.6 dB (equivalent to 2.0 km 0.4 mm PIUT). Pair Separation from the Highest NRP of Deployment Class 1b is required. Deployment Class 3a systems may be used in conjunction with this Deployment Class.	300
7a to 7j	Removed while rev ACIF C559:2003	ising	Symmetric Highest	SDSL (all speeds)	Varies	
8a	Removed while rev ACIF C559:2003	ising	Symmetric Highest	HDSL 2B1Q 784 kbit/s	Deployment Limit 30.1 dB (equivalent to 2.5 km 0.4 mm PIUT)	196

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Refere specifying the Deplere requirements (Note	Appendix or Reference document specifying the Deployment Class requirements (Note 1)		Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
8b	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix J	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix J	Symmetric Highest	HDSL 2B1Q 1168 kbit/s	Deployment Limit 22.2 dB (equivalent to 1.6 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	292
8c	Removed while revi ACIF C559:2003	sing	Symmetric Highest	HDSL-2B1Q-2320 kbit/s	Deployment Limit 13.5 dB (equivalent to 0.7 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	580
8d	Removed while revi ACIF C559:2003	sing	Symmetric Highest	HDSL-2B1Q-2320-kbit/s	Attenuation shall be between 13.5 dB and Deployment Limit of 19.3dB (equivalent to 0.7 km to 1.0 km of 0.4 mm PIUT). After 30 September 2002 services shall not operate using Deployment Class 8d, and shall either operate using equipment under an alternative Deployment Class or be withdrawn.	580
9a	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K where the PSD shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth less than or equal to 10kHz	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K where the PSD shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth less than or equal to 10kHz	Symmetric Lower	SHDSL (192 to 576 kbit/s)	Unlimited.	96
9b	Appendix J	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	Symmetric Lower	SHDSL (192 to 776 kbit/s, reduced power)	Unlimited.	132
9с	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	Symmetric Lower	SHDSL (192 to 776 kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 30.2 dB (equivalent to 2.8 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	132

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Refere specifying the Dep requirements (Note	ence document loyment Class e 1)	Symmetric or Asymmetric & State B DRP	Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
9d	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	Symmetric Highest	SHDSL (192 to 1160 kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 32.1 dB (equivalent to 2.7 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	196
9e	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	Symmetric Highest	SHDSL (192 to 1544 kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 33.9 dB (equivalent to 2.6 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	259
9h	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	Symmetric Highest	SHDSL (192 to 1800 kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 31.8 dB (equivalent to 2.3 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	300
9f	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix k	Symmetric Highest	SHDSL (192 to 2056 kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 29.2 dB (equivalent to 2.0 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	344
9g	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix K	Symmetric Highest	SHDSL (192 to 2312 kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 29.3 dB (equivalent to 1.9 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	388
9i	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (192(C-16) to 2624(C-16) kbit/s) or (768(C-32) to 3496(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 27.8 dB (equivalent to 1.7 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	439
9j	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (192(C-16) to 2880(C-16) kbit/s) or (768(C-32) to 3840(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 27.4 dB (equivalent to 1.6 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	481
9k	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (192(C-16) to 3072(C-16) kbit/s) or (768(C-32) to 4096(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 26.6 dB (equivalent to 1.5 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	513
91	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (192(C-16) to 3264(C-16) kbit/s) or (768(C-32) to 4352(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 25.6 dB (equivalent to 1.4 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	545

Deploy- ment Class	Appendix or Refer specifying the Dep requirements (Not	ence document bloyment Class e 1)	Symmetric or Asymmetric & State B DRP	Typical Technology (informative) (Note 5)	Deployment Rules (Note 11)	Reference frequency for class
	Network equipment	Customer equipment (Note 2)	☐ (Note 3)	(Note 6)		(kHz) (Note 10)
9m	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (192(C-16) to 3456(C-16) kbit/s) or (768(C-32) to 4608(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 24.6 dB (equivalent to 1.3 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	577
9n	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (192(C-16) to 3648(C-16) kbit/s) or (768(C-32) to 4864(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 25.2 dB (equivalent to 1.3 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	609
90	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (192(C-16) to 3840(C-16) kbit/s) or (768(C-32) to 5120(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 23.8 dB (equivalent to 1.2 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	641
9p	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (768(C-32) to 5376(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 23.9 dB (equivalent to 1.2 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	649
9q	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	AS/ACIF S043.2 Appendix L	Symmetric Highest	ESHDSL (768(C-32) to 5696(C-32) kbit/s)	Deployment Limit 22.7 dB (equivalent to 1.1 km 0.4 mm PIUT).	713

NOTE 1: Unless otherwise indicated, the appendices referred to under 'Network Equipment' and 'Customer Equipment' are contained in Part 3 of this Code.

NOTE 2: Customer Equipment used in connection with Deployment Class Systems may also be subject to additional compliance and labelling requirements contained in the Telecommunications Labelling Notice.

NOTE 3: 'Highest' and Lower' refer to the Highest NRP and Nominated Lower NRP respectively.

NOTE 4: For Deployment Class Systems the Deployment Reference Point in Deployment State B may be at the Highest NRP (designated Highest) or at the Nominated Lower NRP (designated Lower). Note that for Deployment Class Systems, Spectrally the Lowest Asymmetric System Feed Point is the Deployment Reference Point.

NOTE 5: The bit rate upper limits under the column titled "Typical Technology" represent line rates (total payload plus overhead bits carried), except for SHDSL and ESHDSL where they represent payload rates only, without the 8kbps line overhead. For Classes 9a to 9h the SHDSL system maximum payload rates shown are based on 3 bits per symbol (C-16 line-code) as per the default in G.991.2. For these Classes systems that operate at the same symbol rates using the alternative option of 4 bits per symbol (C 32) have maximum payload rates corresponding to the 32-TCPAM column of Table Q 2. Classes 9i to 9o are for ESHDSL systems for which G.991.2 specifies two line-code options (C-16 or C-32). Maximum payload rates are shown for both options for these Classes. Classes 9p and 9q show maximum payload rates for the C-32 line-code only, because G.991.2 specifies no C-16 alternatives for these cases.

NOTE 6: SHDSL and ESHDSL system Deployment Class is determined by the Symbol Rate – which may correspond to different system bit-rates depending on whether 16-TCPAM (3 bits per symbol) or 32-TCPAM (4 bits/symbol) coding is being used, as defined in G.991.2 Annex K. Example payload bitrates are denoted with a suffix (C-16) for 16-TCPAM (3 bits/symbol) values, and (C-32) for 32-TCPAM (4 bits/symbol) values. Refer to Appendix J for details on SHDSL and Appendix K for details on ESHDSL.

NOTE 7: A number of Deployment Classes are labeled "Removed while revising C559:2003". These are usually Deployment Classes with a "typical technology" that has been superseded by at least one other technology covered by the remaining Deployment Classes that causes less spectral interference.

NOTE 8: The typical technology ADSL2 overlapped is not included because of the risk of interference into other systems. A Service Provider may propose it as a Non-Deployment Class System – refer to ACIF G618:2004 for more information.

NOTE 9: If a Service Provider is intending to deploy a Rate Adaptive system, the service qualification for that technology must be performed at the maximum line rate of the system.

NOTE 10: The Reference Frequency is always derived from the upper rate of the deployment class, and may not match exactly with a column in Table A-2 of Part 1.

NOTE 11: As per clause 2.8.5, where Pair Separation is required this is located at the Lowest NRP.

NOTE 12: A future revision of the Code C559 may split Deployment Class 3a into two Deployment Classes. Deployment Class 3a would retain Lowband services compatible with ADSL e.g. PSTN POTS, LoopIn/Indial PSTN, P-phone, voiceband leased lines using dry circuits. The suggested new Deployment Class (e.g. 3b) would include Lowband services that might be at risk of being incompatible with ADSL e.g. voiceband leased lines using wet circuits with DC loop or earth derived signalling, audio leased lines with bandwidth extending up to 20kHz.

B DEPLOYMENT CLASS 1b

Table B-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Class 1b. The termination impedance for Deployment Class 1b is 120 Ω . A typical technology is E1 HDB3.

Parameter	Sub- parameter	Group A (Value)	Group B
Total average power	Level	+14 dBm	+14 dBm
	Frequency range	0 to 4 MHz	0 to 4 MHz
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask		Table B-2	Table B-3
Line code		Not Applicable	G.703 Clause 9.1, 9.2, Annex A

Table B-1Test criteria for Deployment Class 1b

NOTE 1: Because Deployment Class 1b systems are not directly deployable in this code, the Group A mask is only used for spectral compatibility assessment of the E1 Basis System.

Table B-2Group A PSD mask for Deployment Class 1b

Frequency (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz)
0 < f < 30000	$\left \frac{2\times3.1^2}{120\times2048}\left[\frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi f}{2048}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi f}{2\times2048}\right)}{\frac{\pi f}{2048}}\right]^2\right $

Table B-3

Group B PSD mask for Deployment Class 1b

Frequency (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz)
0 < f < 1024	-44.5
1024 < f < 30000	-44.5 - 20 × log10 (f / 1 024)

C DEPLOYMENT CLASS 6a

Table C-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Class 6a network systems. The termination impedance for Deployment Class 6a is 100 Ω . A typical technology is ADSL FD with reduced NEXT.

TABLE C-1

Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Class 6a

Parameter	Sub- parameter	Group A (Value)	Group B
Total average power	Level	19.9 dBm with Power Cutback in accordance with Table C-2	G.992.1 Clause.A.1.2.3.3 and Power Cutback in accordance with G.992.1 Clause 10.4.5.1 and A.3.1
	Frequency range	25.875 to 1104 kHz	G.992.1 Clause.A.1.2.3.3
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask		Table C-3 with a flat power cutback in accordance with Table C-2.	G.992.1 Clause A.1.3. Maximum power in the 0 to 4kHz band is relaxed to -10dBm _{600Ω}
Line code		Not applicable	G.992.1 Clause 7.7, 7.8 or 7.9, 7.10, 7.11
Longitudinal balance	Level	40dB	G.992.1 Clause A 4.3.1
	Frequency range	30kHz to 1104kHz	G.992.1 Clause A 4.3.1
Longitudinal output voltage	Level	-50dBv in any 4kHz band	-50dBv in any 4kHz band
	Frequency range	As per longitudinal balance	As per longitudinal balance

TABLE C-2

Power Cutback for downstream signal of Deployment Classes 6a, 6c, 6d, 6f, 6h and 6i as a function of loop attenuation at 50 kHz

Equivalent km of 0.4 mm PIUT	Attenuation of loop (dB at 50 kHz)	Minimum Power Cut- back(dB)
< 0.131	< 1.13	12
< 0.246	< 2.13	10
< 0.361	< 3.13	8
< 0.476	< 4.13	6
< 0.592	< 5.13	4
< 0.707	< 6.13	2

TABLE C-3

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Class 6a (Group A)

Frequency band f (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz) (Note 2)	Testing Requirements
$0 < f \le 4$	-97.5	PSD and Wideband power < -10dBm $_{600\Omega}$ Note 1
4 < f ≤ 80	-96 + 4.63 × log ₂ (f / 4)	PSD
80 < f ≤ 138	-76 + 36 × log ₂ (f / 80)	PSD
138 < f ≤ 1 104	-40	PSD
1 104 < f ≤ 3093	-40 - 36 × log ₂ (f /1 104)	PSD
3093 < f ≤ 4 545	-93.5	–93.5 peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of (–36.5 – 36 × log2(f / 1 104) + 60) dBm100 Note 3
4 545 < f ≤ 11 040	-93.5	–93.5 peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of –50 dBm ₁₀₀ Note 3
11 040 < f ≤ 12040	-93.5	-93.5 peak

Note 1: The 0 to 4kHz band total power measurement is in 600 Ω .

Note 2: Above 25.875 kHz, the peak PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth.

Note 3: The power in a 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

D DEPLOYMENT CLASS 6b

Deployment Class removed in revising ACIF C559:2003.

A typical technology was ADSL.lite.

E DEPLOYMENT CLASS 6c

Table E-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Class 6c network systems. The termination impedance for Deployment Class 6c is 100Ω .

A typical technology is ADSL over ISDN.

TABLE E-1

Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Class 6c

Parameter	Sub- parameter	Group A	Group B
Total average power	Level	19.9 dBm with power cutback in accordance with Table C-2	G.992.1 Clause B.1.3.2.2 and power cutback in accordance with G.992.1 Clauses 10.4.5.1 and B3.3
	Frequency range	138 to 1104 kHz	G.992.1 Clause. B.1.3.2.2
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask		Table E-2 with a flat power cutback in accordance with Table C-2	G.992.1 Clause. B.1.3
Line code		Not applicable	G.992.1 Clause. 7.7 , 7.8 or 7.9, 7.10, 7.11
Longitudinal balance	Level	40dB	G.992.1 Clause A.4.3.1
	Frequency range	30kHz to 1104kHz	G.992.1 Clause A.4.3.1
Longitudinal output voltage	Level	-50dBv in any 4kHz band	-50dBv in any 4kHz band
	Frequency range	As per longitudinal balance	As per longitudinal balance

TABLE E-2

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Class 6c (Group A)

Frequency band f (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz)	Testing Requirements
0 < <i>f</i> < 50	-90	PSD
50 < <i>f</i> < 80	-90 + 12 × log ₂ (f / 50)	PSD
80 < <i>f</i> < 138	-82 + 54 × log ₂ (f / 80)	PSD
138 < <i>f</i> < 1104	-40	PSD
1104 < <i>f</i> < 3093	-40 - 36 × log ₂ (f / 1 104)	PSD
3093 < f < 4545	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak and max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of (–36.5 –36 × log2(f /1 104)+60) dBm100
4545 < <i>f</i> < 11 040	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak and with max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of -50 dBm100
11 040 < f < 12040	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak

NOTE 1: Above 25.875 kHz, the peak PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth.

NOTE 2: The power in a 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

F DEPLOYMENT CLASS 6d

Table F-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Class 6d network systems. A typical technology is ADSL Echo Cancelled.

The termination impedance for Deployment Class 6d is 100 Ω .

 TABLE F-1

 Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Class 6d

Parameter	Sub- parameter	Group A (Value)	Group B
Total average power	Level	20.4 dBm with power cutback in accordance with Table C-2	G.992.1 Clause A.1.2.3.3 and power cutback in accordance with G.992.1 Clauses 10.4.5.1 and A.3.1
	Frequency range	25.875 to 1104 kHz	G.992.1 Clause.A.1.2.3.3
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask		Table F-2 with flat power cutback in accordance with Table C-2	G.992.1 Clause. A.1.2 Maximum power in the 0 to 4kHz band is relaxed to -10dBm _{600Ω}
Line code		Not applicable	G.992.1 Clause 7.7, 7.8 or 7.9, 7.10, 7.11
Longitudinal balance	Level	40dB	G.992.1 Clause A 4.3.1
	Frequency range	30kHz to 1104kHz	G.992.1 Clause A 4.3.1
Longitudinal output voltage	Level	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band
	Frequency range	As per longitudinal balance	As per longitudinal balance

TABLE F-2

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Class 6d (Group A)

Frequency band f (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz) Note 2	Testing Requirements
0 < <i>f</i> < 4	-97.5	PSD and Wideband power < -10dBm $_{600\Omega}$ Note 1
4 < f < 25.875	-96+ 21 × log ₂ (f / 4)	PSD
25.875 < <i>f</i> < 1 104	-40	PSD
1104 < <i>f</i> < 3093	-40 - 36 × log ₂ (f / 1 104)	PSD
3093 < f < 4545	-93.5	-93.5 dBm/Hz peak and max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of (-36.5 – 36 × log2 (f / 1 104) + 60) dBm100 Note 3
4 545 < <i>f</i> < 11 040	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak and max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of -50 dBm100 Note 3
11 040 < f < 12040	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak

NOTE 1: The 0 to 4 kHz band total power measurement is in 600 arOmega

NOTE 2: Above 25.875 kHz, the peak PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth.

NOTE 3: The power in a 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

G DEPLOYMENT CLASS 6e

Table G-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Class 6e network systems. The termination impedance for Deployment Class 6e is 100Ω . A typical technology is ADSL FD Low Power.

TABLE G-1

Parameter	Sub- parameter	Group A (Value)	Group B
Total average power	Level	9.9 dBm (has 10dB attenuation)	G.992.1 Clause A.1.2.3.3 reduced by 10dB
	Frequency range	25.875 to 1104 kHz	G.992.1 Clause A.1.2.3.3
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask		Table G-2	G.992.1 Clause A.1.3 reduced by 10 dB Maximum power in the 0 to 4kHz band is relaxed to -10dBm _{600Ω}
Line code		Not applicable	G.992.1 Clause 7.7, 7.8 or 7.9, 7.10, 7.11
Longitudinal balance	Level	40dB	G.992.1 Clause A 4.3.1
	Frequency range	30kHz to 1104kHz	G.992.1 Clause A 4.3.1
Longitudinal output voltage	Level	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band	-50dBV in any 4 kHz band
	Frequency range	As per longitudinal balance	As per longitudinal balance

Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Class 6e

TABLE G-2

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Class 6e (Group A)

Frequency band f (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz) Note 2	Testing Requirements
0 < f < 4	-97.5	PSD and Wideband Power < -10 dBm $_{600\Omega}$ Note 1
4 < f < 100	-96 + 4.63 × log ₂ (f/4)	PSD
100 < f < 138	-86 + 36 × log ₂ (f/80)	PSD
138 < f < 1 104	-50	PSD
1 104 < f < 2551	-50-36 × log ₂ (f/1 104)	PSD
2551 < f < 4 545	-93.5	-93.5 dBm/Hz peak and max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of $(-36.5 - 36 \times \log_2(f/1 \ 104) + 60) \ dBm_{100} \ Note 3$
4 545 < f < 11 040	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak and max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of – 50 dBm100 Note 3
11040 < f < 12040	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak

NOTE 1: The 0 to 4 kHz band total power measurement is in 600 arOmega

NOTE 2: Above 25.875 kHz, the peak PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth.

NOTE 3: The power in a 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

H DEPLOYMENT CLASS 6f

Table H-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Class 6f network systems. The termination impedance for Deployment Class 6f is 100 Ω . A typical technology is ADSL FD Limited Carriers.

Parameter Sub-Group A Group B parameter (Value) Total average 16.7 dBm with power G.992.1 Clause A.1.2.3.3 Level power cutback in accordance and power cutback in with Table C-2 accordance with G.992.1 Clauses 10.4.5.1 and A.3.1 Frequency 25.875 to 610 kHz G.992.1 Clause.A.1.2.3.3 range Note1 Averaging ≥ 10 s $\geq 10 \text{ s}$ time PSD mask G.992.1 Clause. A.1.3 with Table H-2 with a flat power cutback in accordance maximum tone of 140 with Table C-2 (610kHz) Maximum power in the 0 to 4kHz band is relaxed to -10dBm_{600Ω} Line code Not applicable G.992.1 Clause 7.7, 7.8 or 7.9, 7.10, 7.11 Longitudinal Level 40dB G.992.1 Clause A 4.3.1 balance G.992.1 Clause A 4.3.1 Frequency 30kHz to 1104kHz range Longitudinal Level -50 dBV in any 4 kHz band -50 dBV in any 4 kHz band output voltage Frequency As per longitudinal balance As per longitudinal balance range

 TABLE H-1

 Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Class 6f

TABLE H-2

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Class 6f (Group A)

Frequency band f (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz) Note 2	Testing Requirements
0 < f < 4	-97.5	PSD and Wideband Power < -10 dBm _{600Ω} Note 1
4 < f < 80	-96 + 4.63 × log ₂ (f /4)	PSD
80 < f < 138	-76 + 36 × log ₂ (f /80)	PSD
138 < f < 610	-40	PSD
610 < f < 1709	$-40 - 36 \times \log_2(f/610)$	PSD
1709 < f < 4 545	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak and max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of (–36.5 – 36 × log ₂ (f / 1 104) + 60) dBm ₁₀₀ Note 3
4 545 < f < 11 040	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak and max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of –50 dBm100 Note 3
11040 < f < 12040	-93.5	–93.5 dBm/Hz peak

NOTE 1: The 0 to 4 kHz band total power measurement is in 600 \varOmega

NOTE 2: Above 25.875 kHz, the peak PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth.

NOTE 3: The power in a 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

I DEPLOYMENT CLASS 7b

Deployment Class removed in revising ACIF C559:2003.

A typical technology was SDSL.

J DEPLOYMENT CLASSES 9a to 9h

Table J-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria for Deployment Classes 9a, 9b, 9c, 9d, 9e, 9f, 9g and 9h. The termination impedance for Deployment Classes 9a to 9h is 135 Ω . A typical technology is SHDSL for the 16-TCPAM rates and ESHDSL for the 32-TCPAM rates.

TABLE J-1

Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Classes 9a to 9h

Parameter	Sub- parameter	Group A	Group B
Total average power	Level	see Table J-2.	see Table J-2
	Frequency range	0 Hz to 1.5 MHz	0 Hz to 1.5 MHz
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask		Table J-3.	For Deployment Class 9b see Table J-4.
			For Deployment Classes 9a, 9c, 9d, 9e, 9f, 9g and 9h, see ITU-T G.991.2 Section B.4. (Table J-4 lists the testing requirements)
Line code		Not applicable	Trellis Coded Pulse Amplitude Modulation
Longitudinal balance	Level	40 dB from 20 kHz to $f_{sym}/2$ kHz, with a slope of 20 dB/decade below 20 kHz and -20dB/decade above $f_{sym}/2$.	40 dB from 20 kHz to f _{sym} /2 kHz, with a slope of 20 dB/decade below 20 kHz and -20 dB/decade above f _{sym} /2 kHz. Note: f _{sym} is the symbol rate
	Frequency Range	20 kHz to 2000 kHz	20 kHz to 2000 kHz
Longitudinal output voltage	Level	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band
	Frequency Range	20 kHz to 450 kHz	20 kHz to 450 kHz

Class	f _{sym} (k symbols/sec)	Power (dBm)	К	16-TCPAM Payload Rate (kbps)	32-TCPAM Payload Rate (kbps) see Note 1
9a	$66.6 \le f_{sym} \le 194.7$	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 576$	N/A
9b	66.6 < f _{sym} < 194.7	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 576$	N/A
	$194 \le f_{sym} < 261.4$	10.5	3.51	576 < PR ≤ 776	$768 \le PR \le 1032$
9c	66.6 < f _{sym} < 261.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 776$	$768 \le PR \le 1032$
9d	66.6 < f _{sym} < 389.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 1160$	$768 \le PR \le 1544$
9e	66.6 < f _{sym} < 517.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 1544$	$768 \le PR \le 2056$
9f	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	$685.4 < f_{sym} \le 688$	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 2056	2728 < PR ≤ 2744
9g	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	685.4 < f _{sym} < 773.4	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 2312	2728 < PR ≤ 3080
9h	66.6 < f _{sym} < 602.6	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 1800$	$768 \le PR \le 2400$

TABLE J-2List of Parameters for Deployment Classes 9a to 9h

NOTE 1: For Group A testing requirements for equipment using 32-TCPAM line code refer to Table K-3.

TABLE J-3

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Classes 9a to 9h (Group A) using 16-TCPAM

Frequency	PSDMASK (f) in dBm/Hz	Testing Requirements
$f < f_{\rm int}$	$10 \times \log_{10} \left[\frac{\mathrm{K}}{135} \times \frac{1}{f_{\mathrm{sym}}} \times \frac{\left[\sin\left(\frac{\pi f}{\mathrm{N}f_{\mathrm{sym}}}\right) \right]^2}{\left(\frac{\pi f}{\mathrm{N}f_{\mathrm{sym}}}\right)^2} \times \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{f}{f_{\mathrm{3dB}}}\right)^{2\times\mathrm{Order}}} \right]$	PSD
$f_{\rm int} \le f \le 1500 \rm kHz$	$10 \times \log_{10} \left[1.7971 \times 10^{-6} \times f^{-1.5} \right]$	PSD
1500 kHz < f ≤ 11040 kHz	-110	–90 dBm/Hz peak; and Maximum power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of –50 dBm
11040 kHz < <i>f</i> ≤ 12040 kHz	-110	–90 dBm/Hz peak

where:

Order = 6 N = 1 K is defined in Table J-2 above $f_{3dB} = f_{sym}/2$ PSDMASK(f) is in dBm/Hz, f is in kHz

fint is the frequency where the two equations governing PSDMASK(f) intersect, in kHz.

For each data rate at which the equipment can operate, it shall not exceed the PSDMASK generated by choosing a value of f_{sym} which need not be related to the actual CE parameters but may be any value in the range listed in Table J-2 for the relevant Deployment Class. Because the Group A requirement permits such wide freedom to choose any f_{sym} value in the prescribed range, a party submitting equipment for test under Group A should provide to the test laboratory a detailed list of operating modes and corresponding f_{sym} values to use in generating the compliance masks.

The PSD shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth less than or equal to 10kHz. Large PSD variations over narrow frequency intervals (for example near the junction of the main lobe with the noise floor) might require a smaller resolution bandwidth (RBW) to be used. An appropriate way would be to choose RBW such that there is no more than 1 dB change in the signal PSD across the RBW.

The power in the 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

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TABLE J-4PSD mask for Deployment Class 9b (Group B)

Note: For systems tested under Group B for Deployment Classes 9a, 9c, 9d, 9e, 9f, 9g and 9h:

- (i) this table is informative only, and
- (ii) refer to ITU-T Recommendation G.991.2 Section B.4

$$PSDMASK(f) = 10 \times \log_{10} \begin{cases} \frac{K}{135} \times \frac{1}{f_{sym}} \times \frac{\left[\sin\left(\frac{\pi f}{Nf_{sym}}\right)\right]^{2}}{\left(\frac{\pi f}{Nf_{sym}}\right)^{2}} \times \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{f}{f_{3dB}}\right)^{2 \times Order}} \times 10^{\frac{MaskOffsetdB(f)}{10}} , \quad f < f_{int} \\ 1.7971 \times 10^{-6} \times f^{-1.5} , \quad f_{int} \le f \le 1500 \text{ kHz} \end{cases}$$

 $\label{eq:psdmask} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{PSDMASK (f) =} -90 \mbox{ peak (Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of -50 dBm),} \\ \mbox{PSDMASK (f) =} -90 \mbox{ peak,} \\ \mbox{11040 kHz < f \le 12040 kHz} \end{array}$

where:

 $\label{eq:MaskOffsetdB} \text{MaskOffsetdB}(f) = \begin{cases} 1 + 0.4 \times \frac{f_{3\text{dB}} - f}{f_{3\text{dB}}} &, \quad f < f_{3\text{dB}} \\ 1 &, \quad f \geq f_{3\text{dB}} \end{cases}$

Order = 6

N = 1

K is defined in Table J-2 above

 $f_{3dB} = f_{sym}/2$

PSDMASK(f) is in dBm/Hz, f is in kHz.

 f_{int} is the frequency where the two equations governing PSDMASK(f) intersect, in kHz.

f_{sym} = (payload kbit rate + overhead kbit rate)/(number of bits per symbol)

The 16-TCPAM constellation has 3 bits per symbol while the 32-TCPAM constellation has 4 bits per symbol.

The PSD shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth less than or equal to 10kHz. Large PSD variations over narrow frequency intervals (for example near the junction of the main lobe with the noise floor) might require a smaller resolution bandwidth (RBW) to be used. An appropriate way would be to choose RBW such that there is no more than 1 dB change in the signal PSD across the RBW.

The power in the 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

K DEPLOYMENT CLASSES 9i to 9q

Table K-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria for Deployment Classes 9i, 9j, 9k, 9l, 9m, 9n, 9o, 9p and 9q. The termination impedance for Deployment Classes 9i to 9q is 135 Ω . A typical technology is ESHDSL.

TABLE K-1

Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Classes 9i to 9q

Parameter	Sub- parameter	Group A	Group B
Total average power	Level	see Table K-2	see Table K-2
	Frequency range	0 Hz to 2.0 MHz	0 Hz to 2.0 MHz
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask		Table K-3.	G.992.2 Clause G.4 Note: Refer to Table K-4 for information on the PSD mask parameters for Group B.
Line code		Not applicable	Trellis Coded Pulse Amplitude Modulation
Longitudinal balance	Level	40 dB from 20 kHz to $f_{sym}/2$ kHz, with a slope of 20 dB/decade below 20 kHz and -20dB/decade above $f_{sym}/2$.	40 dB from 20 kHz to f _{sym} /2 kHz, with a slope of 20 dB/decade below 20 kHz and -20 dB/decade above f _{sym} /2 kHz. Note: f _{sym} is the symbol rate on the line.
	Frequency Range	20 kHz to 2000 kHz	20 kHz to 2000 kHz
Longitudinal output voltage	Level	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band
	Frequency Range	20 kHz to 450 kHz	20 kHz to 450 kHz

Class	f _{sym} (k symbols/sec)	Power (dBm)	K _{SHDSL}	16-TCPAM Payload Rate (kbps)	32-TCPAM Payload Rate (kbps)
9i	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	685.4 < f _{sym} < 877.3	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 2624	2728 < PR ≤ 3496
9j	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	685.4 < f _{sym} < 962.7	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 2880	2728 < PR ≤ 3840
9k	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	685.4 < f _{sym} < 1026.7	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 3072	2728 < PR ≤ 4096
91	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	685. 4 < f _{sym} < 1090.7	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 3264	2728 < PR ≤ 4352
9m	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	685. 4 < f _{sym} < 1154.7	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 3456	2728 < PR ≤ 4608
9n	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	685.4 < f _{sym} < 1218.7	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 3648	2728 < PR ≤ 4864
90	66.6 < f _{sym} < 685.4	14.0	7.86	$192 \le PR \le 2048$	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	685.4 < f _{sym} < 1282.7	15.0	9.9	2048 < PR ≤ 3840	2728 < PR ≤ 5120
9p	$194 \leq f_{sym} \leq 684$	14.0	7.86	N/A	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	684 < f _{sym} ≤ 1346	15.0	9.9	N/A	2728 < PR ≤ 5376
9q	$194 \le f_{sym} \le 684$	14.0	7.86	N/A	$768 \le PR \le 2728$
	$684 < f_{sym} \le 1426$	15.0	9.9	N/A	2728 < PR ≤ 5696

TABLE K-2List of Parameters for Deployment Classes 9i to 9q

TABLE K-3

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for: Deployment Classes 9i to 9q (Group A) and for Deployment Classes 9a to 9h (Group A) using 32-TCPAM

NOTE 1: Refer to Table J-3 for Group A testing requirements at 16-TCPAM line rates below 2312kbps.

Frequency	PSDMASK (f) in dBm/Hz	Testing Requirements
$f < f_{\rm int}$	$10 \times \log_{10} \left[\frac{K_{\text{SHDSL}}}{R_s} \times \frac{1}{f_{\text{sym}}} \times \frac{\left[\sin\left(\frac{\pi f}{f_{\text{sym}}}\right) \right]^2}{\left(\frac{\pi f}{f_{\text{sym}}}\right)^2} \times \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{f}{f_{\text{3dB}}}\right)^{2 \times \text{Order}}} \times \frac{f^2}{f^2 + f_c^2} \right]$	PSD
$f_{\rm int} \leq f \leq 3184 \rm kHz$	$10 \times \log_{10} \left[1.7971 \times 10^{-6} \times f^{-1.5} \right]$	PSD
3184 kHz < <i>f</i> ≤ 11040 kHz	-110	–90 dBm/Hz peak; and Maximum power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of –50 dBm
11040 kHz < <i>f</i> ≤ 12040 kHz	-110	–90 dBm/Hz peak

where:

 K_{shdsl} and f_{sym} are defined in Table K-2 $R_s = 135 \Omega$

 f_c is the transformer cut-off frequency, assumed to be 5 kHz

f_{int} = lowest frequency above f3dB where the expressions for P1(f) and P2(f) intersect

 $f_{max} = 11040 \text{ MHz}$ Order = 6 N = 1 K is defined in Table K-2 above $f_{3dB} = f_{sym}/2$

PSDMASK(f) is in dBm/Hz, f is in kHz.

fint is the frequency where the two equations governing PSDMASK(f) intersect, in kHz.

C559:2012 PART 3 COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 2012 For each data rate at which the equipment can operate, it shall not exceed the PSDMASK generated by choosing a value of f_{sym} which need not be related to the actual CE parameters but may be any value in the range listed in Table K-2 for the relevant Deployment Class. Because the Group A requirement permits such wide freedom to choose any f_{sym} value in the prescribed range, a party submitting equipment for test under Group A should provide to the test laboratory a detailed list of operating modes and corresponding f_{sym} values to use in generating the compliance masks.

The PSD shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth less than or equal to 10kHz. Large PSD variations over narrow frequency intervals (for example near the junction of the main lobe with the noise floor) might require a smaller resolution bandwidth (RBW) to be used. An appropriate way would be to choose RBW such that there is no more than 1 dB change in the signal PSD across the RBW.

TABLE K-4PSD mask for Deployment Classes 9i to 9q (Group B)

NOTE: The equation below is for information only. Refer to ITU-T Recommendation G.991.2 Section G.4 for the Group B requirements for PSDMASK under Deployment Classes 9i to 9q.

PSDMASK_{Stubst} (f) =

$$\begin{cases}
P_{1}(f) = 10 \log_{10} \left[\frac{K_{stoct}}{R_{s}} \times \frac{1}{f_{sym}} \times \frac{\left[\sin\left(\frac{\pi f}{f_{sym}}\right)^{2} \right]}{\left(\frac{\pi f}{f_{sym}}\right)^{2}} \times \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{f}{f_{sym}}\right)^{3}} \times \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{f}{f_{sym}}\right)^{10}} \right] \left[dBm/Hz \right] \quad f < f_{int} \\
P_{2}(\theta) = -90 dBm/Hz peak with maximum power in a [f f + 1 MHz] window of f_{int} \le f \le 3,184 MHz \\
[10 + log_{11}(0.5683 \times 10^{-4} \times f^{-1.5}) + 90] dBm \\
P_{3}(\theta) = -90 dBm/Hz peak with maximum power in a [f f + 1 MHz] window of -50 dBm 3,184 MHz < f \le f_{max} \\
P_{4}(f) = -90 dBm/Hz peak with maximum power in a [f f + 1 MHz] window of -50 dBm 3,184 MHz < f \le f_{max} \\
P_{4}(f) = -90 dBm/Hz peak with maximum power in a [f f + 1 MHz] window of -50 dBm 3,184 MHz < f \le 12040 \text{ kHz} \\
Where: \\ PBO = the Power Back-Off value in dB, as defined in Table K-3 \\
K_{sincu} and f_{sym} are defined in Table K-2 \\
f = frequency in Hz \\
R_{2} = 135 \Omega \\
MaskOfiset dB(\theta) = \begin{cases} 1 + 0.4 \times \frac{f_{sigg} - f}{f_{sigm}} & (dB), f < f_{sigm} \\
(dB), f > f_{sigm$$

L DEPLOYMENT CLASS 6g

Table L-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Class 6g network systems. The termination impedance for Deployment Class 6g is 100Ω . A typical technology is Reach Extended ADSL2.

Parameter Sub-Group A Group B parameter (Value) Total average Level 19.9 dBm. G.992.3 Clause.L.1.3.2 power Frequency 138 to 552 kHz G.992.3 Clause.L.1.3 range Averaging ≥ 10 s $\geq 10 \text{ s}$ time PSD mask Table L-2 G.992.3 Clause L.1.3. Maximum power in the 0 to 4kHz band is relaxed to -10dBm_{600Ω} Line code G.992.3 Clause 8.6. Not applicable Longitudinal Level 40dB G.992.3 Clause A 4.3.3.1 balance Frequency 30kHz to 1104kHz G.992.3 Clause A 4.3.3.1 range Longitudinal Level -50dBv in any 4kHz band -50dBv in any 4kHz band output voltage As per longitudinal balance Frequency As per longitudinal balance range

 TABLE L-1

 Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Class 6g

TABLE L-2

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Class 6g (Group A)

Frequency band f (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz) Note 2	Testing Requirements
0 < f < 4	-101.5	PSD and Wideband Power < -10 dBm $_{600\Omega}$ Note 1
4 < f < 80	-96 + 4.63 × log ₂ (f / 4)	PSD
80 < f < 138	-76 + 36 × log ₂ (f / 80)	PSD
138 < f <= 276	- 40 + 0.0214 × (f - 138)	PSD
276 < f <= 552	- 37	PSD
552 < f <= 1012	– 37 – 36 × log ₂ (f / 552)	PSD
1012 < f <= 1800	- 68.5	PSD
1800 < f <= 2290	- 68.5 - 72 × log ₂ (f / 1800)	PSD
2290 < f <= 3093	- 93.5	PSD
3093 < f <= 4 545	-40 - 36 × log ₂ (f / 1104)	-90 dBm/Hz peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of (- 36.5 - 36 × log2(f / 1 104) + 60) dBm100 Note 3
4 545 < f < 11 040	-113.5	-90 dBm/Hz peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of -50 dBm100 Note 3
11 040 < f < 12000	-113.5	-93.5 dBm/Hz peak

NOTE 1: The 0 to 4 kHz band total power measurement is in 600 Ω .

NOTE 2: Above 25.875 kHz, the peak PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth.

NOTE 3: The power in a 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

M DEPLOYMENT CLASSES 6h, 6j to 6n

Table M-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Classes 6h, 6j, 6k, 6l, 6m and 6n network systems. The termination impedance for Deployment Classes 6h, 6j, 6k, 6l, 6m and 6n is 100 Ω . A typical technology for Deployment Class 6h is ADSL2 or ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum. A typical technology for Deployment Classes 6j to 6n is ADSL2 or ADSL2+ non overlapped spectrum with extended upstream bandwidth (also known as Annex M).

TABLE M-1

Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Classes 6h, 6j to 6n

Parameter	Sub- parameter	Group A (Value)	Group B
Total average power	Level	19.9 dBm with power cutback in accordance with Table C-2	G.992.5 Clause A.1.3.2 and power cutback in accordance with G.992.1 Clauses 10.4.5.1 and A.3.1
	Frequency range	25.875 to 2208 kHz	G.992.5 Clause.A.1.3
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask		Table M-2 with a flat power cutback in accordance with Table C-2	G.992.5 Clause. A.1.3 Maximum power in the 0 to 4kHz band is relaxed to -10dBm6000
Line code		Not applicable	G.992.5 Clauses 7 & 8
Longitudinal balance	Level	40dB	G.992.5 Clause A 4 and G.992.3 Clause A 4.3.3.1
	Frequency range	30kHz to 2208kHz	G.992.5 Clause A 4
Longitudinal output voltage	Level	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band	-50 dBV in any 4 kHz band
	Frequency range	As per longitudinal balance	As per longitudinal balance

TABLE M-2

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Classes 6h, 6j to 6n (Group A)

Frequency band f (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz in Narrow Resolution Bandwidth) Note 1	Testing Requirements
0 < f ≤ 4	- 101	PSD
4 < f ≤ 80	$-96 + 4.63 \times \log_2 (f / 4)$	PSD
80 < f ≤ 138	$-76 + 36 \times \log_2 (f / 80)$	PSD
138 < f ≤ 1104	- 40	PSD
1104 < f ≤ 1622	$-40 - 18 \times \log_2(f / 1104)$	PSD
1622 < f ≤ 2208	- 50 - 3 × log ₂ (f / 1622)	PSD
2208 < f ≤ 2500	- 51.3 - 65 × log ₂ (f / 2208)	PSD
2500 < f ≤ 3001.5	- 62.9 - 78 × log ₂ (f / 2500)	PSD
3001.5 < f ≤ 3175	- 83.5 - 203.5 × log ₂ (f / 3001.5)	PSD
3175 < f < 3750	-100	PSD
3750 < f ≤ 4 545	– 100 – 36 × log ₂ (f / 3750)	-100 dBm/Hz peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of – 40 – 36 × log ₂ (f / 3750)) dBm ₁₀₀ Note 3
4 545 < f ≤ 7225	-110 - 3 x log ₂ (f / 4545)	-100 dBm/Hz peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of –110 – 3 x log ₂ (f / 4545) dBm ₁₀₀ Note 3
7225 < f ≤ 12000	-112	-100 dBm/Hz peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of –112 dBm100 Note 3

NOTE 1: Below 25.875 kHz the peak PSD shall be measured with a 100 Hz resolution bandwidth. Above 25.875 kHz the peak PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth.

N DEPLOYMENT CLASS 6i

Table N-1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria and referenced documents for Deployment Class 6i network systems. The termination impedance for Deployment Class 6i is 100Ω . A typical technology is All digital Mode ADSL2+.

Parameter Sub-Group A Group B parameter (Value) Total average Level 19.9 dBm with Power G.992.5 Clauses I.1.3 and power Cutback in accordance A.1.3.2. Power Cutback in with Table C-2 accordance with G.992.1 Clauses 10.4.5.1 and A.3.1 Frequency 138 to 2208 kHz G.992.5 Clause.I.1.3 range Averaging ≥ 10 s $\geq 10 \text{ s}$ time PSD mask G.992.5 Clauses I.1.3 and Table N-2 with flat power cutback in accordance A.1.3 with Table C-2 Line code G.992.5 Clause 8.8. Not applicable Longitudinal Level 40dB G.992.5 Clause A.4 and balance G.992.3 Clause A 4.3.3.1 Frequency 30kHz to 2208kHz G.992.5 Clause A 4 range Longitudinal Level -50dBv in any 4kHz band -50dBv in any 4kHz band output voltage Frequency As per longitudinal balance As per longitudinal balance range

 TABLE N-1

 Test criteria and Reference Documents for Deployment Class 6i

TABLE N-2

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Class 6i (Group A)

Frequency band f (kHz)	PSD (dBm/Hz in Narrow Resolution Bandwidth) Note 1	Testing Requirements
$0 < f \le 4$	- 97.5	PSD
4 < f ≤ 80	- 96 + 4.63 × log ₂ (f / 4)	PSD
80 < f ≤ 138	- 76 + 36 × log ₂ (f / 80)	PSD
138 < f ≤ 1104	- 40	PSD
1104 < f ≤ 1622	- 40 - 18 × log ₂ (f / 1104)	PSD
1622 < f ≤ 2208	$-50 - 3 \times \log_2(f / 1622)$	PSD
2208 < f ≤ 2500	- 51.3 - 65 × log ₂ (f / 2208)	PSD
2500 < f ≤ 3001.5	- 62.9 - 78 × log ₂ (f / 2500)	PSD
3001.5 < f ≤ 3175	- 83.5 - 246.7 × log ₂ (f / 3001.5)	PSD
3175 < f < 3750	-100	PSD
3750 < f ≤ 4 545	–100 – 36 x log ₂ (f / 3750)	-100 dBm/Hz peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of -40 – 36 x log ₂ (f / 3750) dBm ₁₀₀ Note 3
4 545 < f ≤ 7225	–110 – 3 x log ₂ (f / 4545)	-100 dBm/Hz peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of -50 – 3 x log ₂ (f / 4545) dBm ₁₀₀ Note 3
7225 < f < 12000	-112	-100 dBm/Hz peak and Max power in the [f, f + 1 MHz] window of –52 dBm100 Note 3

NOTE 1: Below 25.875 kHz the peak PSD shall be measured with a 100 Hz resolution bandwidth. Above 25.875 kHz the peak PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth

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O DEPLOYMENT CLASS 5b

Table C1 provides the Group A and Group B test criteria for Deployment Class 5b. The test termination impedance for Deployment Class 5b is 135 Ω . A typical technology is SHDSL with modified roll-off and reduced power.

Parameter		Group A	Group B
Total average power	Level	14 dBm	14 dBm
	Frequency range	0 Hz to 1100 kHz	0 Hz to 1100 kHz
	Averaging time	≥ 10 s	≥ 10 s
PSD mask	-	Table O-2	Table O-3
Line code	-	Not applicable	Trellis Coded Pulse Amplitude Modulation
Longitudinal balance	Level	40 dB from 20 kHz to 131 kHz, with a slope of 20 dB/decade below 20 kHz and -20 dB/decade above 131 kHz	40 dB from 20 kHz to f _{sym} /2 kHz, with a slope of 20 dB/decade below 20 kHz and -20 dB/decade above f _{sym} /2 kHz
	Frequency Range	20 kHz to 2000 kHz	20 kHz to 2000 kHz
Longitudinal output voltage	Level	–50 dBV in any 4 kHz band	–50 dBV in any 4 kHz band
	Frequency Range	20 kHz to 450 kHz	20 kHz to 450 kHz

TABLE O-1Test criteria for Deployment Class 5b

NOTE: fsym is the symbol rate or baud rate on the line.

TABLE O-2

PSD mask and Testing Requirements for Deployment Class 5b (Group A)

Frequency	PSDMASK (f) in dBm/Hz	Testing Requirements
$f < f_{\rm int}$	$10 \times \log_{10} \left[\frac{\mathrm{K}}{135} \times \frac{1}{f_{\mathrm{sym}}} \times \frac{\left[\sin\left(\frac{\pi f}{\mathrm{N}f_{\mathrm{sym}}}\right) \right]^2}{\left(\frac{\pi f}{\mathrm{N}f_{\mathrm{sym}}}\right)^2} \times \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{f}{f_{\mathrm{3dB}}}\right)^{2 \times \mathrm{Order}}} \right]$	PSD
$f_{\rm int} \le f \le 1500 \rm kHz$	$10 \times \log_{10} \left[1.7971 \times 10^{-6} \times f^{-1.5} \right]$	PSD
1500 kHz < <i>f</i> ≤ 11040 kHz	-110	–90 dBm/Hz peak; and
		Maximum power in the [$f, f + 1$ MHz] window of -50 dBm
11040 kHz < <i>f</i> ≤ 12040 kHz	-110	–90 dBm/Hz peak

where:

PSDMASK(f) is in dBm/Hz, f is in kHz. f_{sym} (kbaud) = 66.6 to 261.4, K = 3.51, Order = 3, N = 1, f_{3dB} (kHz) = $1.0 \times f_{sym}/2$

*f*_{int} is the frequency where the two equations governing PSDMASK(*f*) intersect, in kHz.

For each data rate at which the equipment can operate, it shall not exceed the PSDMASK generated by choosing a value of f_{sym} which need not be related to the actual CE parameters but may be any value between 66.6 kbaud and 261.4 kbaud. Because the Group A requirement permits such wide freedom to choose any f_{sym} value in the prescribed range, a party submitting equipment for test under Group A should provide to the test laboratory a detailed list of operating modes and corresponding f_{sym} values to use in generating the compliance masks.

The PSD shall be measured with a 10 kHz resolution bandwidth. Large PSD variations over narrow frequency intervals (for example near the junction of the main lobe with the noise floor) might require a smaller resolution bandwidth (RBW) to be used. An appropriate way would be to choose RBW such that there is no more than 1 dB change in the signal PSD across the RBW.

The power in the 1 MHz sliding window is measured in a 1 MHz bandwidth, starting at the measurement frequency.

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Published by: COMMUNICATIONS ALLIANCE LTD

Level 9 32 Walker Street North Sydney NSW 2060 Australia

Correspondence PO Box 444 Milsons Point NSW 1565

T 61 2 9959 9111 F 61 2 9954 6136 TTY 61 2 9923 1911 E info@commsalliance.com.au www.commsalliance.com.au ABN 56 078 026 507

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